

PrepPDF

Pass Your Next Certification Exam Fast!

Everything you need to prepare, learn & pass your certification exam easily.

365 days free updates. First attempt guaranteed success.

Choose the version that fits your needs	PDF Version	Desktop Test Engine	Online Test Engine
Latest and Up-to-Date exam dumps with real exam questions answers.	✓	✓	✓
Get 12-Months free updates without any extra charges.	✓	✓	✓
Experience same exam environment before appearing in the certification exam.	✗	✓	✓
100% exam passing guarantee in the first attempt.	✓	✓	✓
20% discount on more than one license and 30% discount on 5+ license purchases.	✗	✓	✓
100% secure purchase on SSL.	✓	✓	✓
Completely private purchase without sharing your personal info with anyone.	✓	✓	✓

<http://www.preppdf.com>

Reasonable study tool and effective study materials - PrepPDF

Exam : **MCQS**

Title : Multiple-choice questions
(MCQS) Prometric MCQS for
general practitioner (GP)
Doctor

Vendor : Test Prep

Version : DEMO

NO.1 A woman with sickle cell disease complains of heavy menstrual blood loss.

What is the most appropriate combined oral contraceptive pills?

- A. Transdermal patch
- B. Copper IUCD
- C. Mirena
- D. Depot provera

Answer: D

NO.2 Which vitamin has a protective effect against colon cancer?

- A. Vitamin K
- B. Vitamin C
- C. Folic acid
- D. Vitamin D

Answer: D

NO.3 A 75-year-old man has been attending the clinic for lower urinary tract symptoms. His mood is very low and he is unhappy, anxious and unable to sleep. He has been diagnosed with moderate depression.

What treatment would you use for this patient?

- A. Diasepam
- B. Dosulepin
- C. Amitryptaline
- D. Citalopram
- E. CBT

Answer: D

NO.4 The drug of choice in the treatment of Oxyrus worm is?

- A. Pyrantel pamoate
- B. Tenidazol
- C. Metronidazole
- D. Levamisol

Answer: A

NO.5 60-year-old male complains of decreased libido, decreased ejaculation, FBS= 6.5 mmol, increased prolactin, normal FSH and LH.

What is the next step?

- A. DM
- B. CT of the head
- C. Testosterone level
- D. NL FBG

Answer: B

NO.6 All can cause secondary hyperlipidemia except:

- A. Nephrotic
- B. Estrogen therapy
- C. Hypertension

Answer: C

NO.7 Hypothyroid patient on thyroxin had anorexia, dry cough and dyspnea & left ventricular dysfunction. She had normal TSH & T4 levels, Hyperphosphatemia & hypocalcemia.

The diagnosis is:

- A. Secondary Hypopituitarism
- B. Hypopituitarism
- C. Uncontrolled Hypopituitarism
- D. Primary Hypopituitarism

Answer: D

NO.8 An asymptomatic 56-year-old man who has never consumed alcohol came for a routine checkup.

Exam: increase spider angioma, Cardiomegaly, S3 gallop, liver firm with 8cm span, no ascites.

He is in the risk of which condition?

- A. Hepatic vein thrombosis
- B. Renal failure
- C. Hepatoma
- D. Wernicke's encephalopathy
- E. cerebellar degeneration

Answer: C

NO.9 Patient with normal pressure hydrocephalus. CT brain picture distended ventricles.

What is initial treatment?

- A. Lumbar punctures and drains fluid
- B. Diuretics
- C. Shunt

Answer: C

NO.10 On a routine urinalysis, a 30-year-old man was found to have hematuria. His urinalysis is negative for casts and protein, but is positive for moderate blood. His urine culture is negative. IV pyelogram and serum creatinine are both normal and you send urine cytology just to be safe. It is also normal.

Which of the following is most appropriate in this case?

- A. Cystoscopy
- B. Renal ultrasound
- C. Reassurance and periodic monitoring

Answer: C

NO.11 A 54-year-old man, newly diagnosed with type-2 diabetes mellitus, presents to the clinic for his first assessment. He is found to have changes in his eyes on funduscopy.

Which of the following is most likely to need immediate referral to the ophthalmologist?

- A. some hard exudates > 1 disc diameter from the fovea
- B. few dot and blot haemorrhages
- C. New vessels on the disc

Answer: C

NO.12 A 38-year-old man presents with acute infection of skin in the leg. Diagnosis of cellulitis has been made.

What should be prescribed?

- A. Vancomycin + Metronidazole
- B. Ceftriaxone + Flucloxacillin
- C. Ceftriaxone + Terbinafine
- D. Metronidazole + Erythromycin
- E. Penicillin + Flucloxacillin

Answer: E

NO.13 Patient smoker and alcoholic come with difficulty in swallowing and neck mas.

What is an investigation?

- A. Indirect laryngoscopy
- B. Biopsy
- C. Head CT
- D. Aspiration
- E. Neck CT

Answer: E

NO.14 A 55-year-old man has epigastric discomfort. He is seropositive for *Helicobacter pylori*. Upper endoscopy reveals no gastritis and no ulcer disease. Biopsy of the stomach shows *Helicobacter*.

What should you do?

- A. PPI alone as symptomatic therapy
- B. Repeat endoscopy after 6 weeks of PPIs D-PPI, amoxicillin, and clarithromycin
- C. Breath testing

Answer: A

NO.15 Patient had seasonal runny nose, itching and nasal obstruction, treated many times with broad-spectrum antibiotics.

The most effective therapy is:

- A. Nasal decongestant
- B. Antihistamines
- C. Topical corticosteroids

Answer: C

NO.16 To prevent tetanus in neonate:

- A. Give penicillin to child to kill tetanus bacilli
- B. Give tetanus toxoid to mother

- C. Give immunoglobulin to mother
- D. Give antibiotics to mother

Answer: B

NO.17 A 78 year's retired teacher was admitted for a hernioplasty procedure. After the operation he became agitate and confused.

What is the most appropriate management?

- A. Diazepam
- B. Thiamine
- C. Clozapine
- D. Chlordiazepoxide
- E. Vitamin B

Answer: D

NO.18 Female patient with hirsutism, obesity, infertility. Ultrasound shows multiple ovarian follicles. What is the diagnosis?

- A. Klinefelter syndrome
- B. Asherman's syndrome
- C. Stein-leventhal syndrome
- D. Kallmann syndrome

Answer: C

NO.19 A 27-year-old man presents with abdominal pain. He says his urine is dark. Exam: BP=160/105mmHg.

What is investigation?

- A. US
- B. CT
- C. Urine protein
- D. Urine microscopy
- E. Renal biopsy

Answer: A

NO.20 An 8 year's boy has his tonsils and adenoids removed. On the 7th post-op day, he comes back to the hemoptysis and fever.

What is the most appropriate management?

- A. Admit for IV antibiotics
- B. Surgery
- C. Reassurance
- D. Packing
- E. Prescribe oral antibiotics and discharge

Answer: A

NO.21 The cause of peptic ulcer?

- A. H. Pyelori
- B. Use of NSAIDS
- C. Both

Answer: C

NO.22 A 27-year-old, generally healthy woman comes to the office with burning on urination. There are 50 white cells on the urinalysis.

What is the next best step in management?

- A. Treat with ciprofloxacin for 7 days
- B. Treat with TMP/SMX for 3 days
- C. Perform a renal ultrasound
- D. Wait for results of urine culture

Answer: B

NO.23 A 3-month-old female infant is brought in because her parents say she will not eat anymore. Upon physical examination, a loud pansystolic murmur is appreciated. The child also appears small for her age, but her records show no maternal or delivery complications.

Which of the following is the most likely finding on EKG?

- A. ST segment elevation
- B. Right bundle branch block
- C. QT interval elongation
- D. Right ventricular hypertrophy

Answer: D

NO.24 A patient presents with mild dyskaryosis. 1 year ago smear was normal.

What is the most appropriate next test?

- A. Cone biopsy
- B. Cauterization
- C. Repeat smear
- D. Swab and culture
- E. Colposcopy

Answer: E

NO.25 Ophthalmoplegic migraine is best characterised as?

- A. Headache with optic neuritis
- B. Headache associated with irreversible palsy of 3rd nerve
- C. Recurrent headache with transient palsy of 3, 4 and / or 6th cranial nerves

Answer: C

NO.26 A patient develops recurrent episodes of gonorrhoea.

What should he be tested for?

- A. Presence of a spleen
- B. Steroid use

- C. HIV
- D. Terminal complement deficiency

Answer: D

NO.27 Which of the following will have the lowest glucose level on pleural effusion?

- A. Rheumatoid arthritis
- B. Pulmonary tuberculosis
- C. Cancer
- D. Pneumonia

Answer: A

NO.28 Patient with gunshot and part of his bowel spillage out and you decide to give him antibiotic for Bacteroidfragilis, so what you will give?

- A. Amoxicillin
- B. Clindamycin
- C. Gentamicin
- D. Doxycycline

Answer: B

NO.29 A 28-weeks pregnant woman presents with uterine bleeding after sexual intercourse. What is the most appropriate diagnosis?

- A. Missed abortion
- B. Placental previa
- C. Placental abruption
- D. Ectropion

Answer: D

NO.30 An infant boy is born at 39 weeks' gestation by way of spontaneous vaginal delivery to a healthy, 32-year-old primigravid women. Prenatal care was appropriate and there were no problems at the time of delivery. Physical examination by the staff pediatrician is normal, with the exception of the genital examination. She observes that the urethral meatus is located on the ventral aspect of the penile shaft.

Which of the following is the most correct statement about this condition?

- A. Voiding cystourethrogram should be ordered
- B. A-Circumcision should be delayed
- C. The infant may never have a circumcision
- D. The infant may have a circumcision now

Answer: B